

Lifelines

Bindia Sahu, see JALCA 114, 359, 2019

Jay Prakash Ala, see JALCA 109, 411, 2014

Gladstone Christopher Jayakumar, see JALCA 106, 68, 2011

K. Phebe Aaron, see JALCA 107, 102, 2012

K. Krishnaraj, see JALCA 107, 102, 2012

Haolin Zhu is a Master's degree student in School of Materials Science and Engineering at Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou, China, majoring in leather chemistry and engineering. His research is focused on green leather chemicals for cleaner leather making.

Fang Wang graduated from Zhengzhou University with a Bachelor's degree in 1991. She has been working in School of Materials Science and Engineering at Zhengzhou University since 1993. She is now a senior engineer, with the research field of leather structure and properties.

Keyong Tang received his PhD degree in 1998 from Sichuan University, Chengdu, China. He is a professor in School of Materials Science and Engineering at Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou, China. He worked as a visiting scientist in Texas Tech University in 2008-2009. His research interests include the leather structure and properties, as well as cleaner leather making. He has published more than 100 papers, co-authored 4 books and edited 1 book in the field of leather chemistry and engineering.

Jie Liu received his PhD degree in 2007 from Institute of Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China. He currently is an associate professor in the School of Materials Science and Engineering at Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou, China. From 2016 to 2017, he worked as a visiting scientist at ERRC, USDA in Cheng-Kung Liu's group. His current research interests focus on green composite materials based on natural polymers and their applications in packaging, biomedical and environmental fields.

Xuejing Zheng received her PhD degree in 2002 from the Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China. She is now a professor in School of Materials Science and Engineering at Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou, China. Her current research interests are focused on green composite materials based on natural polymers.

Shufa Qin was graduated from School of Materials Science and Engineering, Zhengzhou University, China, with a Master's degree in Leather Chemistry and Engineering in 2005. He is currently a senior engineer with the research interest on cleaner leather making.

Guodong Huang is currently studying for Master's degree with Prof. Haojun Fan at Sichuan University, and his research mainly focuses on synthetic leather and thermal expansion microspheres.

Zhixian Lin is currently studying for Master's degree with Prof. Haojun Fan at Sichuan University, and his research mainly focuses on synthetic leather and water-based polymer materials.

Haojun Fan, see JALCA 100, 29, 2005.

Jun Xiang, Ph.D., associate researcher, PhD degree in Chemistry from University of Sherbrooke, Canada in 2018, and his research mainly focuses on design, synthesis and application of stimulus response functional polymer materials, inorganic/organic hybrid functional materials and new materials for green manufacturing of synthetic leather.

Chong Zheng works at Qingyuan Qili Synthetic Leather Company. His research mainly focuses on synthetic leather and water-based polymer materials.

Zhiqing Luo works at Qingyuan Qili Synthetic Leather Company. His research mainly focuses on synthetic leather and water-based polymer materials.

Corrigendum

Corrigendum for manuscript "Influence of Ultrasound on the Adsorption, Diffusion and Kinetics of Leather dyeing process: Mechanistic Insight" in JALCA 115(7), 239-247, 2020.

The corrections for this manuscript "Influence of Ultrasound on the Adsorption, Diffusion and Kinetics of Leather dyeing process: Mechanistic Insight" are as follows:

Page 239: The portion of the abstract discussing the Freundlich constant and the Langmuir parameter should read:

"The Freundlich constant (K_f), Langmuir parameter (Q_m), Intra Particle diffusion rate constant (K_d) Apparent Diffusion coefficient (D) and Pseudo First order kinetic constant, K_1 have been calculated to be 18.67 mg/g, 50 mg/g, **1.7 mg/g min^{0.5}**, **1.89 * 10⁻⁶ cm²/s** and **0.006 min⁻¹** respectively for ultrasound assisted leather dyeing as compared to that of 0.1 mg/g, 26.67 mg/g, 0.733 **mg/g min^{0.5}**, 0.19 * 10⁻⁶ cm²/s and 0.003 **min⁻¹** respectively for control process."